

## Non-Aligned Movement

The Non-Aligned Movement (NAM) was formed during the cold war as an organization of states that did not seek to formally align themselves with either the United States or the Soviet Union, but sought to remain independent or neutral. The first NAM Summit conference took place in Belgrade, Yugoslavia, in September 1961. It has 120 members as on April 2018. The purpose of organization was enumerated in Havana Declaration of 1979 to ensure, "the national independence, sovereignty, territorial integrity and security of non-aligned countries in their struggle against imperialism, colonialism, neo-colonialism, racism and all forms of foreign subjugation. During the cold war era the NAM played a vital role in stabilizing the world order and preserving peace and security."

## Principles -

- 1- Respect for the principles enshrined in the charter of the United Nations and International Law.
- 2- Respect for sovereignty, sovereign equality and territorial integrity of

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- 08 all state.
- 09 3- Peaceful settlement of all international conflicts in accordance with the charter of the United States Nations.
- 10 4- Respect for the political, economic, social and cultural diversity of countries and peoples.
- 11 5- Defence and promotion of shared interests, justice and cooperation, regardless of the differences existing in the political, economic and social systems of the states, on the basis of mutual respect, and the equality of rights.
- 12 6- Respect for the inherent right of individual or collective self-defence, in accordance with the charter of the United Nations.
- 13 7- Non-interference in the internal affairs of the states.
- 14 8- Promotion and defence of multilateralism

Objectives -

- 1- To create an independent path in world politics that would not result in member states becoming pawn in the struggles between the major powers
- 2- Right of independent path judgement, struggle against imperialism and neo-colonialism.
- facilitating a reconstructing of the international economic order.

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08 NAM in Cold War Era -

- 1- Against Apartheid
- 2- Disarmament
- 3- UNSC reforms
- 4- Failed to resolve regional tensions

11 Emerging Global Orders -

- 1- Tension in Indo-Pacific region
- 2- Migration in Europe and Asia
- 3- Ethnic conflict
- 4- Global climate change
- 5- Catastrophic disasters
- 6- Changing US policies
- 7- Formation of multiple regional economic groupings

16 Relevance of NAM -

- 1- World Peace
- 2- Territorial integrity and Sovereignty
- 3- Third World Nations
- 4- Support of UN
- 5- Equitable world order
- 6- Interest of developing countries
- 7- Cultural diversity and human rights
- 8- Sustainable development
- 9- Economic growth
